

Chapter 1 : HISTORY OF TRANSPORT AND TRAVEL

*Land Travel from the Beginning [Alma Gilleo] on racedaydvl.com *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers. A history of land travel from walking to wagons to the sophisticated modes of travel in the present and projected for the future.*

Bible Map Collections Old Testament Maps - Collection of maps about people, places, and events in the Old Testament from the beginning of civilization and the patriarchs of the Bible, to the times of Nehemiah and Ezra. New Testament Maps - Biblical collection of maps relating to the people, places, and events recorded in the New Testament from the time of Herod the Great and the birth of Jesus, to the Book of Acts and the journeys of the Apostle Paul to the churches in the Book of Revelation and the destruction of Jerusalem in 70 AD. The period of Biblical history ranges from the beginning of creation in Genesis through the history of Israel and to the journeys of the Apostle Paul and the Book of Revelation. Color Map Map of the Journeys of Abraham - This map reveals the journeys of Abraham from Ur of the Chaldees to the land of Canaan and the 17 locations he visited according to the Bible. They built new cities which later became the Canaanite cities of the Bible. The 18th dynasty was established in Egypt during the middle of the 16th century B. There are numerous cities mentioned in the Old Testament which have now been verified by history. The map shows how vast the Assyrian Empire's territory had extended, which covered lands from the Persian Gulf to Egypt to present day Turkey. He captured major cities like the Phoenician city of Tyre and he also drove out the Egyptians from Syria and Phoenicia which enabled him to secure a rich trade gateway to the Mediterranean Sea. Its boundaries extended from the Aegean Sea in the west to the Indus River in the east, such a large empire was created in just a little over 10 years by Cyrus II the Great. Most scholars date the beginning of Babylonia to the fall of the third dynasty of Ur, around BC. The underlined cities were important trade centers. His major battles are marked on the map by the fiery sun symbol. Alexander conquered the vast Persian Empire which had swallowed up the territories of earlier empires: He ruled from Greece to India, and suddenly died in Babylon. The order which prevailed in this extensive empire, the good military roads, and the use of Koine Greek as the general language of culture throughout the area were among the factors which multiplied the rapid spread of the Gospel of Jesus Christ. Around 48 AD, in the springtime, Paul and his companions Barnabas and Mark were sent on a mission from the church in Antioch. Paul re-visits a couple cities in Asia, one of which was Lystra where he was stoned and left for dead a few years earlier. He later has a vision that leads him over to Greece and Paul and his companions travel and minister in various cities in Greece Philippi, Thessalonica, Berea, Athens and Corinth. Later Paul returns to Ephesus and finally to Caesarea and Antioch. During this time he decided to remain in Ephesus for about 3 years, and this city was the main focus of his activities and an important Christian community Acts Paul had appealed to Caesar in Caesarea Acts , his goal was to spread the Gospel of Jesus throughout the Roman Empire all the way to her great capital, Rome. He demanded that his case be heard by the Roman Emperor. According to the Book of Acts, after his shipwreck on the Island of Malta Acts 28 he came to Italy and was put on house arrest for two years Acts The map includes the areas of Israel, Asia, Greece, and Italy. The map includes the principal cities of Asia including Tarsus, Ephesus, and Colossae, and provinces like Galatia and Pamphilia. Athens, Corinth, and Thessalonica, and provinces like Macedonia and Achaia. The map includes the principle cities of Italy like Neapolis and Rome. Follow the path of the Apostle Paul. These physical features make up the country of Israel. The rivers and streams from north to south are: The Lakes and Seas are: First is the Coastal Plain is filled with sand dunes and fertile alluvial soil. Second is the Hill Country is like a staircase of high hills in the north and smaller hills in the south Third is the Great Rift of the Jordan Valley which is a deep land trench feet below sea level. Fourth is the Transjordan Highlands which is a high plateau range about 4, feet above sea level which descends east into the Syrian-Arabian Desert. This illustration reveals Mount Ararat 16, feet above sea level in comparison to other mountains mentioned in the Bible. Color Map Map of Israel with Boundaries - When the new state of Israel flag was raised the Arabs rallied an attack outnumbering the Jews in people, in troops, 1, in military equipment, and 5, in land. When Britain left Israel the Jews were on their own with 1 rifle to every 5 soldiers and no artillery. Palestinian guerillas were nearby when they heard the news, they

organized along with Egypt, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, and Saudi Arabia. Their ultimate goal was the extermination of every Jew in the world. The Arab general proclaimed, "This will be a war of extermination and a momentous massacre which will be spoken of like the Mongolian massacres and the Crusades. This profile of the Jordan River between the Sea of Galilee and the Dead Sea compares various mountains, hills, and valleys in the land of Israel with the sea level. The primary locations mentioned in the New Testament are listed; the roads are also listed on the map, although many roads were not always safe to travel. Color Map Map of Jerusalem - This map includes the area of Jerusalem with a comparison of ancient and modern times. Jerusalem was an impressive city in ancient times, especially in the time of Herod the Great. Lower Galilee contained many hills about feet above sea level, not as large as the northern Galilee region. It comes down like a staircase of large to smaller hills. The valley formed an easy path to the Sea of Galilee, especially to the north side of the Sea where Capernaum was located. According to Josephus, Galilee was divided naturally into two regions divided by a very steep foot slope. According to Josephus, on the north the Hill Country descends to a very steep foot slope into the Valley in the Upper Galilee region. The Hill Country was filled with mountains and was divided into four parts: The south end sloped into the Negev region. The Northern Coastal Plain ran from the Ladder of Tyre down to Joppa as seen in the map above, although the entire Coastal plain ran south to the River of Egypt Wadi el-Arish, the distance was about miles and the width varied from 3 miles in the north to 25 miles in the south. Israel was often referred to as extending from Dan in the north to Beersheba in the south. Beersheba was in the heart of the Negev, and the Negev extends 15 mile to the north and south of Beersheba, and 40 miles from east to west. All but one Scythopolis were on the east side of the Jordan. In New Testament times these cities were most definitely Greek in character and under the protection of Rome Governor of Syria. They became prosperous through agriculture, cattle, and the tribute they levied on passing caravans. Galilee and its surrounding territory Northern Palestine. The names that are underlined are from the Old Testament period, the others are important in New Testament times. Galilee was in the Roman province of Judea. Many of the cities in this map are known from the Old Testament period. Most were important in New Testament times. The names that are underlined were important in Old Testament times. Color Map Map of Jerusalem in New Testament Times - The solid lines indicates the probable site of walls and buildings that are no longer there. The dashed lines represents the present wall of the old town and the railroad tracks indicate the probable course of the main access roads. Also see below a cross section of the modern city of Jerusalem as seen from the south, with some Biblical locations. The provinces seen in the above map include: The topography of Achaia was filled with mountains and therefore was difficult to travel through and this was one of the reasons why ancient Greece was difficult to unify. The geography of Greece forced most of the population to dwell in the beautiful sea ports and thus spread their culture throughout the Mediterranean. Achaia was a Roman Province in New Testament times. Paul spent much time there and expressed his love toward the churches in Achaia, and commended them for their liberal giving. Color Map Map of Adriatic Sea - Paul journeyed on this sea on his way to Rome and was met with a violent storm which caused him and his crew to be shipwrecked on the island of Malta Acts Ptolemy described the Adria in his writings and Josephus mentioned that it was in this sea that he was rescued by a ship of Cyrene. This map also shows much of the Roman Empire in the time of Paul and his journeys. Roman law and order, good military roads, and the use of Koine Greek as the general language of culture throughout the area were among the factors which multiplied the rapid spread of the Gospel of Jesus Christ. Map of the Ancient Territory of Israel - This map includes some of the geographical locations within the land of ancient Israel from Kadesh-Barnea in the south to Tyre and Sidon in the North. These cities and locations make up the country of ancient Israel. It includes the area north of the hill country of Judah. It was a relatively small area, about 10 miles from north to south and notice that the city of Jerusalem is located within the boundaries of Benjamin. In ancient times the Near East was never one huge homogeneous area but an assorted collection of changing cultures. He went to Bethel, Gilgal, and Mizpeh and returned to his home at Ramah where he built an altar to the Lord. This was the time period when Saul had died and David began to reign in Israel. The Philistines were clearly superior in strength but the Lord promised that he would be with Israel. The Philistines expanded eastward toward Jerusalem but were stopped by King David and the armies of Israel. It was a huge triangle of desert lying

between the "arms" of the Red Sea, almost 20, square miles of wilderness. It is over miles from the southern area between the arms to the Mediterranean Sea. It took about 6 years for the tribes of Israel to conquer the Land of Canaan and to overcome the military might of the ancient Canaanites according to Joshua. It was at this time that Joshua divided the land among the tribes and allotted portions according to the Word of the Lord, the size of the tribe, and by casting lots. They were the first adversaries that the Israelites encountered after crossing the Red Sea. According to archaeology the Amalekites disappeared from history after the northern kingdom of Judah conquered the Negev territory in the 10th century B. Archaeology reveals that the Ammonites dwelt east of the Jordan River and settled there at the beginning of the 13th century B. They were an enemy of Israel. Color Map Map of the Territory of Asher - This territory contained some of the richest soil in all of the country. Asher did not succeed in driving out the Canaanite inhabitants. Joshua also revealed that each individual tribe was responsible to subjugate their portion of land and remove the defeated people. Many of the tribes failed in this responsibility. The land of Nubia was located in ancient Egypt at the first through sixth cataracts of the Nile River. The mountains of Lebanon extended for nearly a hundred miles.

Chapter 2 : Columbus reports on his first voyage, | Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History

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Visa Required An advance visa is required of all other foreigners not listed. Most travellers entering or transiting Canada by air will need an Electronic Travel Authorization eTA or a visitor visa. Entry requirements for other methods of travel land, sea have not changed. Applicants are required to submit , as part of their application: Proof that you have enough money for your visit to Canada. The amount of money may vary, depending on the circumstances for your visit, how long you will stay and whether you will stay in a hotel, or with friends or relatives. You can get more information from the visa office. Other documents as required. These documents could be identification cards, proof of employment, or a proposed itinerary. Check the website of the visa office responsible for the country or region where you live for more information. If you plan to visit the United States and do not travel outside the borders of the US, you can use your single entry visa to re-enter as long as the visa has not passed its expiry date. Working while in Canada is forbidden without a work permit, although Canada does have several temporary work permits for youth from specific countries. This is due to the fact that many especially older certificates are little more than a typewritten piece of carbon paper with no security. If you try to re-enter the United States with a US birth certificate, you will eventually be let in, but only after significant delays while CBP verifies the information on it with the issuing department, you may also be fined or prosecuted for non-compliance, although anything more than a written warning is unlikely for a first time violator. Upon entry to Canada, the standard questions will include your intended itinerary, if you have visited Canada before, and if you are in possession of any firearms. Under no circumstance is it a good idea to try to carry weapons over the frontier. If you are driving you should have proof of insurance coverage ready to go and you should have some listed hotels or places to stay ready to present if asked. Residents of Greenland , Saint-Pierre and Miquelon and some Caribbean nations are not required to present a passport if they can prove nationality and identity via some other means. Residents of Greenland, Saint-Pierre and Miquelon, and the United States also benefit from arrangements where applications for work and study permits can be made upon arrival in Canada at the Immigration Office at the port of entry without the need for an advance Temporary Resident Visa or advance application at a consulate. Character concerns[edit] All potential visitors, whether applying for a temporary resident visa or requesting landing permission at the border must be of good moral character, and under Canadian law this means having a completely clean criminal history. Immigration authorities take character concerns of visitors very seriously and any offence, misdemeanour or felony, regardless of how minor or how long ago it took place can exclude you from Canada for a period of time, indefinitely, or permanently. This also includes US citizens, some of whom had to be turned back while attempting to drive across the border. In fact, even former U. Bush needed to apply for a waiver to enter on an official state visit during his term in office because of a conviction for drunken driving. There are a few exceptions, and if you are inadmissible because of a criminal conviction, you do have some options. As a general rule, a conviction for anything more serious than a speeding ticket will keep you out of Canada for at least five years from the date you finish your sentence. More serious offences such as felonies may require you to wait up to ten years, or in the most serious cases obtain a pardon or other civil relief locally before applying for entry. In addition to criminal convictions, certain "summary offences" which include minor drug possession tickets that are not handled through the criminal system are considered criminal convictions for the purpose of immigration law, even if you were never arrested, charged with a crime or sentenced. Additionally, you cannot enter Canada if there are current charges pending against you or a trial is underway. Although unlikely as a visitor who meets all other entry requirements, you may also be refused if you have significant unpaid debt, have an active civil judgement against you, or have recently declared bankruptcy. In these cases, you can regain your ability to enter Canada by either paying the debt in full, showing evidence of a payment plan in good standing or after a bankruptcy showing a history of financial solvency over the period of a few years. Offences committed before the age of 18, parking tickets, local

ordinance violations and crimes of conscience such as publishing statements critical of the government in China generally do not result in inadmissibility. Similarly, non-criminal traffic tickets usually do not result in inadmissibility, although if you were ever required to appear in court over a traffic violation not simply going to court to challenge a ticket or you accumulated enough points that your license was summarily suspended or revoked, you may be inadmissible and should contact a Canadian embassy or high counsel for advice. That being said, you have one chance in your entire lifetime at this type of rehabilitation and the border officer has the absolute final decision on your fate. The burden is on you, the visitor, to provide proof that you have indeed reformed and are unlikely to re-offend. Possible proof includes but is not limited to: If you are turned away, or if your offence makes you ineligible to be deemed rehabilitated, you can apply for individual rehabilitation directly to Citizenship and Immigration Canada CIC. Again, at least five years must have passed since you completed your sentence. While you can compile the documentation and submit the application yourself, both CIC and many who have gone through the process highly advise retaining an immigration attorney to complete and file the application on your behalf. If you are denied rehabilitation, there is no right of appeal, you will not be given specific reasons as to why your application was denied, and you must wait at least one year before applying again. This is not the same as a temporary resident visa, but the two can be applied for together if you are from a country requiring such a visa. These used to be relatively easy to obtain with documented good behavior and a good enough reason for traveling besides going on vacation, but today they are only issued for "exceptionally compelling humanitarian grounds" or "reasons of significant national interest. Terms of the permit are fairly specific as to duration and purpose. Visitors from the U. Thousands are denied entry into Canada each year on the basis of criminality. Pardons[edit] Obtaining a pardon or unconditional discharge will generally restore your ability to travel to Canada, and depending on your circumstances you may have much more luck going this route. If your pardon or discharge was issued for a crime outside Canada, be sure to bring documentation to that effect with you to the border or when applying for a visa. Credit History[edit] Canada may consider your credit history as part of the character and risk assessment when applying for a visa or landing permission at the border. If the visa or border officer doubts your ability to maintain yourself whilst in Canada then a credit check can be used to support a decision to grant or refuse entry or a visa for financial reasons based on the totality of the circumstances. If you are applying for a work permit, a long term visa of any kind or are immigrating to Canada, expect your financial history to be heavily scrutinized and be prepared to explain any exceptionally bad marks i. This does not apply to family stream immigrants as long as the sponsor is financially solvent , nor does it apply to refugees or asylum seekers. Bankruptcy and debt related litigation are public records that will come up in background checks and are considered character concerns - refusal is very likely unless you can make and prove a highly compelling case for it to be set aside such as if the judgement resulted from identity theft or a disability. If this describes you, and you can afford it - discuss your situation with an immigration attorney prior to making travel plans or applying for a visa. Keep in mind also that depending on the jurisdiction where the bankruptcy or litigation occurred such as Australia and the United Kingdom you may not be allowed to travel internationally at all, or may require a waiver or permission from the court. In mainland China , most Gulf Cooperative Council nations Bahrain , Kuwait , Qatar , Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates as well as a handful of US States such as Minnesota certain types of unpaid debt may be treated as a criminal offense punishable with a jail term, and standard rehabilitation procedures would apply prior to entering Canada. Other concerns[edit] Besides a criminal record, CIC lists a host of other situations that may prevent admission into Canada. In absence of a visa authorizing employment, long-term residency or study, a letter of invitation sometimes called a "letter of introduction" is required for persons visiting for any reason other than tourism including visiting relatives or friends. You must bring the letter with you to the port of entry, even if you used it to apply for a temporary resident visa. The letter of invitation requirement is strictly enforced. If you are a business visitor and show up without one you will be denied entry. Others may or may not be admitted after significant delays and additional rounds of unpleasant questioning while border officials attempt to verify your story. If you are very sick, to the point where the border officer has to consider whether you might burden the healthcare system during your visit, you will be denied entry. You need to prove you

have enough funds to support yourself and dependants while in Canada. For most Western tourists a major credit card not a debit, ATM or bank card is sufficient. If you have an immediate family member who is deemed inadmissible, you may also be disqualified from entry based on that fact, although this is at the discretion of the border or visa officer. It seems to be a problem more for persons with known terrorists, members of the Mafia, or other high profile criminals in their family, not just a sibling with a misdemeanour conviction. As a general rule, admissibility and rehabilitation decisions cannot be appealed beyond a supervisory review at the visa office or border. That being said, you are usually allowed to apply again once any specific issues relating to a refusal have been corrected, once the requisite time has passed for rehabilitation, or one year after being denied rehabilitation. From the United States[edit] If you are travelling to Canada from the United States and you are not a permanent resident of either country you need to be careful to satisfy the U. Your time in Canada counts towards your maximum allowed United States stay if you are returning to the US prior to your departure from North America. If you are returning to the US in this trip, keep your visa documents. You can enter the US multiple times during the time allocated to your visa for Western tourists, normally 90 days , but you need to have the immigration document as well to validate the visa. If you come back from the US without that document, you will not only have to apply again for a visa or visa waiver but also will also need to satisfy US immigration of the validity of your trip meaning to show them that you will not intend on immigrating there. For example, if you are going to stay in Canada for six months, and you transit through the US on a visa waiver, then the US will regard your six months in Canada as not allowing you to return to the US without leaving North America first, as you have stayed more than 90 days in North America in total. Note that in this scenario, you have not done anything wrong by visiting the US and then staying in Canada for a long time, simply that the US will not allow you to return directly from Canada, you have to reset their clock by leaving North America. If you are intending to leave North America entirely without returning to the US on this trip, return any visa documents at the time of leaving the US for Canada. This means handing over your I or IW card to airline staff at the check-in counter if departing by air, or to the Canadian immigration inspector if departing by land. If you leave Canada to briefly visit the United States and wish to re-enter Canada in a short period of time, you generally may do so without getting a new Canadian visa as long as you return within the initial period authorised by the immigration officer or have a valid temporary residence permit authorising you to re-enter, and you do not leave US soil before returning to Canada eg, not even during a cruise which begins and ends at a US point but crosses international waters in-between. If you leave US soil for a third country for any reason on a single-entry Canadian visa, you will have to apply for a new visa before re-entering Canada. Many other cities have international airports as well, with the following being of particular use to visitors: Note that most of the major Canadian airports have U. Pre-Clearance facilities where travelers on United States-bound flights even if they will be flying to a third country immediately afterward complete U. If flying back to the U. The good news is that this service spares you the need to complete the formalities upon arrival in the U. Luggage allowance for flights to or from Canada usually operates on a piece-wise in addition to the weight system even for foreign carriers. This means that you are allowed a limited number of bags to check-in where each bag should not exceed certain linear dimensions computed by adding the length, width and height of the bags. The exact restrictions on weight, linear dimension and number of baggage allowed are determined by the carrier you are flying with and the class of service you are travelling in, usually individual bags may be up to 23 kilos 50 lb if traveling in economy class. Additionally, if you are coming from the United States, be advised that Air Canada on transborder itineraries only - not Canadian domestic service as well as all US based carriers that operate transborder service Alaska, American, Delta, United and US Airways charge checked bag fees. By car[edit] Canada has a land border with only one country - the United States. See the "from the United States" subsection for more information on what to do when leaving the US. You might also enter the country by road from the United States through one of many border crossing points. Obviously, the same rules will apply here, but if your case is not straightforward, expect to be delayed, as the officials here especially in more rural areas see fewer non-U. Also expect delays during holiday periods, as border crossings can become clogged with traffic. Drivers of American cars will need to carry a Canadian Non-Resident Insurance Certificate in addition

to their standard insurance card and must be prepared to present both documents for inspection. The Certificate comes in the form of a yellow paper card which can only be issued by foreign insurers who are authorized to do business in Canada. Canada has some of the highest levels of minimum auto insurance coverage in the world: Rules regarding the issuing of this certificate vary widely depending on which carrier you have. Liberty Mutual and Progressive will only issue a certificate with advance approval for a specific date range, and some insurance companies especially smaller local insurance companies in non-border states will not cover you in Canada at all. If you are a U.

Chapter 3 : A History of Transportation

On land one large new beast of burden is domesticated - the camel. But the main improvement in classical times derives from the construction of roads, first in the Persian and then in the Roman empire.

However people eventually learned to use animals for transport. Donkeys and horses were probably domesticated between 4, and 3, BC obviously the exact date is not known. Camels were domesticated slightly later between 3, and 2, BC. Meanwhile about 3, BC the wheel was invented in what is now Iraq. At first wheels were made of solid pieces of wood lashed together to form a circle but after 2, BC they were made with spokes. The earliest boats were dug out canoes. People lit a fire on a big log then put it out and dug out the burned wood. About 3, BC the Egyptians invented the sailing boat. They were made of bundles of papyrus reeds tied together. They had simple square sails made of sheets of papyrus or later of linen. However the sail could only be used when sailing in one direction. When travelling against the wind the boat had to be rowed. About 2, BC the Egyptians began using wooden ships for trade by sea. Early ships were steered by a long oar. Roman Transportation The Romans are famous for the network of roads they built across the Empire. Roman legionaries built them so the Roman army could march from one part of the empire to another quickly. Rich people traveled by horse or on long journeys by covered wagon. Sometimes they were carried in litters seats between two long poles. Transport by water was also important to the Romans. They built large merchant ships called *cortia*, which could carry up to 1, tons of cargo. Roman ships had a single main mast, which carried a rectangular sail, although some ships also had small sails at the bow and stern. Roman ships did not have rudders. Instead they were steered by oars. The Romans also built lighthouses to aid shipping. Roads in Europe returned to being simple dirt tracks, which turned to mud in the Winter. In the Middle Ages rich people sometimes traveled in covered wagons. They must have been very uncomfortable as they did not have suspension and roads were bumpy and rutted. Others traveled on a box between two poles. Two horses, one in front and one behind carried it. They were trained to walk at the same pace. However at sea a number of useful inventions were made. The Chinese invented the compass centuries before it was used in Europe. Nevertheless by the 12th century Europeans had learned to use it. Also in the 12th century Europeans invented the rudder. The Chinese independently invented it centuries before. Rudders made ships much easier to steer. Furthermore Medieval shipbuilding became far more advanced and by the 15th century ships were made with 3 masts. Roads were still just dirt tracks. Men were supposed, by law, to spend a number of days repairing the local roads but it is unlikely they did much good! People traveled by horse. You could either ride your own or you could hire a horse. In Tudor times you would be lucky if you could travel 50 or 60 kilometers a day. It normally took a week to travel from London to Plymouth. However rich people deliberately traveled slowly. They felt it was undignified to hurry and they took their time. Goods were sometimes transported by pack horse horses with bags on their sides. Also carriers with covered wagons carried goods and sometimes passengers. However when possible people preferred to transport goods by water. Goods from one part of the country, such as coal, were taken by sea to other parts. Life in the 16th Century Transportation in the 17th Century Transport and communications improved in the 17th century. In the royal posts were exclusively used to carry the kings correspondence. However in , to raise money, Charles I allowed members of the public to pay his messengers to carry letters. This was the start of the royal mail. From the middle of the 17th century stagecoaches ran regularly between the major towns. However they were very expensive and they must have been very uncomfortable without springs on rough roads. There was also the danger of highwaymen. In the first Turnpike roads opened. You had to pay to use them. Meanwhile in towns wealthy people were carried in sedan chairs. Transportation in the 18th Century Transport was greatly improved during the 18th century. Groups of rich men formed turnpike trusts. Acts of Parliament gave them the right to improve and maintain certain roads. Travelers had to pay tolls to use them. The first turnpikes were created as early as but they became far more common in the 18th century. Transporting goods was also made much easier by digging canals. In the early 18th century goods were often transported by pack horse. Moving heavy goods was very expensive. However in the Duke of Bridgewater decided to build a canal to bring coal from his estate at

Worsley to Manchester. He employed an engineer called James Brindley. When it was completed the Bridgewater canal halved the price of coal in Manchester. Many more canals were dug in the late 18th century and the early 19th century. They played a major role in the industrial revolution by making it cheaper to transport goods. Meanwhile in France the Montgolfier brothers invented the hot air balloon in 1783. The hydrogen balloon was also invented in 1783. The first purpose built lifeboat was built in South Shields, England in 1824. Transportation in the 19th Century In the mid 19th century transport was revolutionized by railways. They made travel much faster. They also removed the danger of highwaymen. The Stockton and Darlington railway opened in 1825. However the first major railway was from Liverpool to Manchester. It opened in 1825. In the 1830s there was a huge boom in building railways and most towns in Britain were connected. In the late 19th century many branch lines were built connecting many villages. The first underground railway in Britain was built in London in 1863. The carriages were pulled by steam trains. The first electric underground trains began running in London in 1905. The Central Line opened in 1906. The Bakerloo Line and the Piccadilly Line both opened in 1906. Meanwhile the Paris Metro opened in 1900. Horse drawn omnibuses began running in London. They soon followed in other towns. In the 1860s and 1870s horse drawn trams began running in many towns. Karl Benz and Gottlieb Daimler made the first cars in 1885. The motorbike was patented in 1885. Also in the 1880s the safety bicycle was invented and cycling soon became a popular hobby. Meanwhile at sea 19th century transportation was revolutionized by the steam ship. By 1840 steamships were crossing the English Channel. The Savannah became the first steamship to cross the Atlantic in 1819. Furthermore it used to take several weeks to cross the Atlantic.

Chapter 4 : Sri Lanka - Wikipedia

First flight of the Boeing , the first commercial widebody airliner. NASA rocket technology, spurred on by the US/Russia Space Race, makes the first manned Moon landing a reality. - Salyut 1, the first space station, launched by Kerim Kerimov.

His objective was to sail west until he reached Asia the Indies where the riches of gold, pearls and spice awaited. His first stop was the Canary Islands where the lack of wind left his expedition becalmed until September 6. Once underway, Columbus benefited from calm seas and steady winds that pushed him steadily westward Columbus had discovered the southern "Trades" that in the future would fuel the sailing ships carrying goods to the New World. However, the trip was long, longer than anticipated by either Columbus or his crew. The first log was kept secret. Columbus headed off disaster by promising his crew that if land was not sighted in two days, they would return home. The next day land was discovered. However, we do have an accurate abstract of the journal written by Bartolome de las Casas in the s. Throughout the account, Columbus refers to himself in the third person as the "Admiral": They saw sand-pipers, and a green reed near the ship. Those of the caravel Pinta saw a cane and a pole, and they took up another small pole which appeared to have been worked with iron; also another bit of cane, a land-plant, and a small board. Everyone breathed afresh and rejoiced at these signs. The run until sunset was 27 leagues. After sunset the Admiral returned to his original west course, and they went along at the rate of 12 miles an hour. As the caravel Pinta was a better sailer, and went ahead of the Admiral, she found the land, and made the signals ordered by the Admiral. The land was first seen by a sailor named Rodrigo de Triana. He did so, and saw it. The Admiral said the same to Rodrigo Sanchez of Segovia, whom the King and Queen had sent with the fleet as inspector, but he could see nothing, because he was not in a place whence anything could be seen. After the Admiral had spoken he saw the light once or twice, and it was like a wax candle rising and failing. It seemed to few to be an indication of land; but the Admiral made certain that land was close. When they said the Salve, Salve Regina which all the sailors were accustomed to sing in their way, the Admiral asked and admonished the men to keep a good look-out on the forecastle, and to watch well for land; and to him who should first cry out that he saw land, he would give a silk doublet, besides the other rewards promised by the Sovereigns, which were 10, maravedis to him who should first saw it. At two hours after midnight the land was sighted at a distance of two leagues. Presently they saw naked people. The Admiral took the royal standard, and the captains went with two banners of the green cross, which the Admiral took in all the ships as a sign, with an F and a Y and a crown over each letter, one on one side of the cross and the other on the other. Having landed, they saw trees very green, and much water, and fruits of diverse kinds. The Admiral called to the two captains, and to the others who leaped on shore, and to Rodrigo Escovedo, secretary of the whole fleet, and to Rodrigo Sanchez of Segovia, and said that they should bear faithful testimony that he, in presence of all, had taken, as he now took, possession of the said island for the King and for the Queen his Lords, making the declarations that are required, as is now largely set forth in the testimonies which were then made in writing. The natives reciprocated with gifts of parrots, cotton and other goods. In describing the natives, Columbus wrote: They are very well made, with very handsome bodies, and very good countenances. The "league" used by Columbus is estimated by modern researchers to measure 2. The exact location and name of the island where Columbus first made landfall is in dispute. We do know that it is in the Bahamas and that Columbus spent 5 days exploring the area before sailing to Cuba. Because of limited space on the remaining ships, Columbus was forced to leave about 40 of his crew on the island of Hispaniola in a fort built from the remains of the wrecked ship.

Chapter 5 : Bible Maps (Bible History Online)

It didn't take long after air travel took off for humans to start seriously considering the possibility of going further up and toward the heavens. The Soviet Union surprised much of the western world in with its successful launch of sputnik, the first satellite to reach outer space.

On October 12, more than two months later, Columbus landed on an island in the Bahamas that he called San Salvador; the natives called it Guanahani. For nearly five months, Columbus explored the Caribbean, particularly the islands of Juana Cuba and Hispaniola Santo Domingo , before returning to Spain. He left thirty-nine men to build a settlement called La Navidad in present-day Haiti. He also kidnapped several Native Americans between ten and twenty-five to take back to Spain—only eight survived. Columbus brought back small amounts of gold as well as native birds and plants to show the richness of the continent he believed to be Asia. When Columbus arrived back in Spain on March 15, , he immediately wrote a letter announcing his discoveries to King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella, who had helped finance his trip. The letter was written in Spanish and sent to Rome, where it was printed in Latin by Stephan Planck. The copy shown here is the second, corrected edition of the pamphlet. The Latin printing of this letter announced the existence of the American continent throughout Europe. I took possession of all of them for our most fortunate King by making public proclamation and unfurling his standard, no one making any resistance," Columbus wrote. Excerpt I have determined to write you this letter to inform you of everything that has been done and discovered in this voyage of mine. On the thirty-third day after leaving Cadiz I came into the Indian Sea, where I discovered many islands inhabited by numerous people. I took possession of all of them for our most fortunate King by making public proclamation and unfurling his standard, no one making any resistance. The island called Juana, as well as the others in its neighborhood, is exceedingly fertile. It has numerous harbors on all sides, very safe and wide, above comparison with any I have ever seen. Through it flow many very broad and health-giving rivers; and there are in it numerous very lofty mountains. All these island are very beautiful, and of quite different shapes; easy to be traversed, and full of the greatest variety of trees reaching to the stars. In the island, which I have said before was called Hispana, there are very lofty and beautiful mountains, great farms, groves and fields, most fertile both for cultivation and for pasturage, and well adapted for constructing buildings. The convenience of the harbors in this island, and the excellence of the rivers, in volume and salubrity, surpass human belief, unless on should see them. In it the trees, pasture-lands and fruits different much from those of Juana. Besides, this Hispana abounds in various kinds of species, gold and metals. But when they see that they are safe, and all fear is banished, they are very guileless and honest, and very liberal of all they have. No one refuses the asker anything that he possesses; on the contrary they themselves invite us to ask for it. They manifest the greatest affection towards all of us, exchanging valuable things for trifles, content with the very least thing or nothing at all. I gave them many beautiful and pleasing things, which I had brought with me, for no return whatever, in order to win their affection, and that they might become Christians and inclined to love our King and Queen and Princes and all the people of Spain; and that they might be eager to search for and gather and give to us what they abound in and we greatly need. Questions for Discussion Read the document introduction and transcript in order to answer these questions. Which of the items Columbus described would have been of most interest to King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella? Why did Columbus describe the islands and their inhabitants in great detail?

Chapter 6 : Oregon Trail | historical trail, United States | racedaydvl.com

A. Bible timing from Ramses to Mt. Sinai is 44 days: The Bible tells us that it was a 44 day journey from Goshen to Sinai. They left Goshen on Passover (14th day of the first month) and arrived at the Wilderness of Sin on the 15th day of the second month and arrived at the Wilderness of Sinai on the 1st day of the third month.

Danie Ferreira took this picture on a hunting expedition with locals while filming his documentary on Greenland dogs. Small fragments of dog feces were removed from the top of the image. Courtesy Danie Ferreira Greenland dogs, carrying members of the hunting expedition and gear, cast long shadows across the ice. But the harsh conditions of the Arctic are where Cape Town-based expedition photographer and video producer Danie Ferreira feels most in his element. You have this beautiful twilight that lasts forever. From to , Ferreira traveled to remote communities in Norway, Greenland and the Canadian High Arctic to capture the working relationship between man and the Greenland dog for his documentary Ice Dogs. In one image taken in March , a dog stares off into the distance, snow from a blizzard whipping wildly around it. A Greenland dog braves a blizzard. Ittoqortoormit hunters rely on these dogs as "hunters, haulers and guardians," says Ferreira. The snow stung like sand in a sand storm, but this Greenland dog just lay there in peace. Earlier that day, Ferreira and his team had spotted a set of polar bear tracks. Remaining alert, they followed the tracks and, as the light was beginning to fade, spotted a female bear and her cub roughly three hundred feet away on an ice slope above them. Using a mm lens, Ferreira set up a long exposure and captured the moment when the mother revealed her cub to the hunting party. In March, the Arctic still has absolute day and absolute night. The elements are expressive. Before flying to Greenland, Ferreira and his daughter headed to Geilo, Norway, for a week of extreme ice training, which involved sleeping out in the open and learning how to stay warm. While keeping warm is imperative in such extreme conditions, the camera equipment needs to stay cold. Transitioning from the corporate world to expedition work presented Ferreira with a lot of unknowns. However, a phrase shared with him by a man he met in Svalbard, Norway, has carried him through both tough times and conditions: There are still many polar destinations he hopes to visit. At the top of his list is Lake Baikal in Siberia to experience its infamous black ice. Join now to become part of our photo community!

Chapter 7 : Timeline of transportation technology - Wikipedia

For example in Israel the Dead Sea region is the deepest land trench in the entire world. To travel from Jerusalem to Jericho was quite a descent into that region. Jerusalem was 2500 feet above sea level and Jericho was 2800 feet below sea level and the distance was about 23 miles.

The travels and acts of Jesus have been compiled from "Gospel Harmonies". There he drives the money-changers from the Temple for the first time Jn 2: He also meets the Pharisee, Nicodemus Jn 3: Near Sychar, Jesus meets the Samaritan woman at the well Jn 4: Many Samaritans believe in him Jn 4: He is rejected for the first time Lk 4: According to the Synoptic Gospels, Jesus call his first disciples - perhaps only now to full-time service Mt 4: In Capernaum he heals the madman in the synagogue Mk 1: At the Pool of Bethesda he heals the crippled man Jn 5: Landing in the region of the Gerasenes Mk 5: Here he feeds the 5, Mt They land near the Plain of Gennesaret and Jesus heals many people there Mt There the Pharisees and Sadducees ask for a sign from heaven Mt On his return, Jesus heals the boy with epilepsy Mt Other traditions place the Transfiguration to the south, on Mount Tabor. The epileptic boy would then have been healed in the Galileearea [15] In Galilee Mt Then to avoid the dangers in Judea, he remains in Galilee Jn 7: Travelling by Samaria, he heals the ten lepers Lk There he blesses the little children Mt Passing through Jericho he heals one or two blind men Mt

Chapter 8 : Bible Maps: Israel's Exodus from Egypt and Entry into Canaan

Ferreira and his daughter had joined local Inuit hunters on one of the first hunts of the season through Jameson Land near Ittoqqortoormiit, East Greenland, and captured the image in the early.

God tells Moses is to take them into promised land. God replaces 2 tablets, God passes by while Moses was in the cleft of the rock. God said he would perform new miracles and Moses face is shining in view of the people so he puts a veil over his face. Since they left on the 14th day of the first month, this means they had been traveling one year, one month and one week, since leaving Egypt. They celebrated their second Passover at Sinai, then leave almost immediately afterwards for Kadesh. They arrived at Kadesh and immediately celebrated their third Passover. They spend 38 continuous years at Kadesh Barnea they do not leave and come back , then depart for the Jordan in the 40th year. Many commentators mistakenly believe Num The verse tells us they arrived at Kadesh in the first month, but does not tell us the year! It does not say, "the first month in the 40th year". Since Israel left Sinai in the second month of the second year after leaving Egypt 14 months , this means they arrived at Kadesh in the first month of the third year after leaving Egypt or 24 months. Click here for more details. Aaron died on the 1st day of the 5th month of the 40th year of the wilderness wandering summer BC. Shortly after mourning Aaron for 30 days, the people left Mount Hor, defeated the Transjordan nations, and then mourned for Moses 30 days. Bible timing from Ramses to Mt. Sinai is 44 days: The Bible tells us that it was a 44 day journey from Goshen to Sinai. They left Goshen on Passover 14th day of the first month and arrived at the Wilderness of Sin on the 15th day of the second month and arrived at the Wilderness of Sinai on the 1st day of the third month. This equals 44 days. It took 20 days to travel km to Sinai after the Red Sea including 7 days camping in the wilderness of Sin and 2 days battling the Amalekites at Rephidim. This means they were only 15 days away from reaching the Mt. Jewish solar calendar had 28 days per month: Jewish days started at sundown not midnight: The entire world today uses the Roman method of reckoning days from Midnight to Midnight. Jewish days began at sundown. This means that if it is 5 pm on a Friday night and you are just getting off work, two hours later Roman time 7 PM would actually be Saturday. This is helpful to know because in the Wilderness of Sin they arrived on a Saturday, and after sunset, that evening while they were in the camp, God revealed the Sabbath for the first time using manna as an instructor. We are very glad because the Jewish method of time keeping would be awkward to implement today. Jewish inclusive reckoning method of counting days: Biblical Jews counted days differently from how we count today. Jews used the inclusive counting system. Jesus was crucified on a Friday and rose from the dead on the first day Sunday Three days and three nights: Friday crucifixion - Sunday resurrection. For us this would only be two days, but for Jews it was three days. He started counting today as day one. Today is day 0. For the Jews today is day 1. We need to keep this in mind when calculating days the way the Jews did. For example, when it says they went three days into the wilderness of Shur after crossing the Red Sea, this would be a Monday to Wednesday duration for the Jews. They counted a day even if there was only one hour left in that day. For a full discussion about Jewish time keeping see this. Calculating the days of the week at the Wilderness of Sin: The primary way we have used to calculate the days of the week for the exodus journey is based solely on their visit to the Wilderness of Sin. It is there God first revealed the Sabbath. We believe with some level of confidence, that we have enough information to actually calculate the days of the week for the journey between the Red Sea and Mt. Contrary to the unbiblical ravings of Seventh-day Adventists, Adam and Abraham never kept the weekly seventh day Sabbath Saturday. In fact the word Sabbath is never even used once in the book of Genesis. The Sabbath was a Jewish holy day that was abolished by God when he nailed the first covenant to the cross. The New Testament passage specifically states that Christians are free to eat "unclean foods" pork and that all the system of Jewish holy days, yearly Passover , monthly new moon and weekly 7th day Sabbath are all nailed to the cross. Christians do not keep the Jewish Sabbath, but worship on the first day of the week: Now from the narrative of Ex 16, it seems that Moses revealed the six days of rest and the 7th is the Sabbath starting on a Sunday. In other words, when God said to Moses: On the sixth day, when they prepare what they bring in, it will be twice as much as they gather daily. These words would have

been spoken on the Sabbath they arrived and grumbled about having no food. The very next day had to be a Sunday, or the 1st day of the week. What is clear, is that God used Manna to teach them, for the first time, about the weekly Sabbath day. In order to do this, it would mean that they are camped in the Wilderness of Sin for the full week Sunday - Saturday. Since manna fell in the early morning and melted by mid day, this also proves that God instructed Moses the words of Exodus From this, we can quite safely determine that they arrived in the Wilderness of Sin on a Saturday and grumbled about being hungry. God gave them Manna for 6 days, then on the Sabbath they rested for the first time in world history. Then they departed early Monday morning to continue the journey in stages, since the terrain ahead was difficult and narrow. The only variable is if God spoke the words of Exodus However, since we know the Holy Spirit has told us in Exodus We know this because we are told they arrived in Sinai on the 1st day of the third month. This means there is little time to spare, so it is likely we are correct that God spoke the words of Exodus This urgency of 15 days to arrive at Mt. Sinai, also means it is very reasonable to have them leave early Sunday morning after the first Sabbath is over. They might have even traveled at night. The Bible says that they travel by night by the pillar of fire. Now that we have determined the day they arrived and left the Wilderness of Sin, we can use this as a benchmark to determine the days of the week before and afterwards. Calculating the day of the week they crossed the Red Sea: Sunday In a most natural calculation backwards from the wilderness of Sin, we discover something incredible, that they crossed the Red Sea on a Sunday. This would fit the New Testament antitype of water baptism very well. Paul tells us in 1 Cor Israel was "baptized into Moses" and Christians are Baptized into Christ. The Hebrews were saved from the slavery of Egyptian bondage, Christians are saved from the slavery to sin. Likewise anybody today who is not water baptized will be lost in hell because their sins are not forgiven. Since Christ was raised from the dead on a Sunday and since water baptism is a symbol of this resurrection and since the crossing of the Red Sea was an antitype of water baptism, it is most natural to expect that God would orchestrate, through his power and providence, that Israel would be baptized into Moses on a Sunday. Israel crossed the Red Sea on a Sunday. Calculating the day of the week of Passover: Thursday Since the Bible tells us the fact that the entire trip was 44 days from Goshen to Sinai, we can now calculate the day of the week that Passover fell upon when they left Goshen. This is done by knowing they arrived on a Saturday at the Wilderness of Sin, which the Bible tells us is 15 days before they reached the Wilderness of Sinai Ex Calculating the day of the week of Pentecost: Sunday Pentecost means "the 50th day" after Passover. But the counting did not always start immediately after Passover as we will see. Recent Jewish tradition states that the Law was given on Pentecost, which is 50 days after the first Sabbath following Passover. Although we cannot trace this Jewish tradition very far back in history, it is very likely correct. Pentecost always fell on a Sunday. Pentecost was calculated by counting 50 days, where day 1 is the first Sabbath after Passover. Since Passover could fall on any day of the week, sometimes there was up to a 6 day wait until the first Sabbath came by and you started counting the 50 days. When that Sabbath came, it was day one, then you would count seven additional Sabbath days for a total of 49 days. The next day after the seventh Sabbath was Pentecost. This means that if Passover fell on a Sunday, for example, they would not start counting the fifty days until the next Sabbath 6 days later. Therefore the actual number of days between Passover and Pentecost could vary from exactly 50 days if Passover fell on a Friday to as many as 56 days if Passover fell on a Sunday. After they arrived in the Wilderness of Sinai on a Friday, day 44 of their journey from Goshen. They had arrived at their destination. The next day they rested on the second Sabbath day of world history. But this Sabbath was only day 42 of Pentecost. So they had an entire week to settle in at Mt.

Travel and Transportation Transportation Developments in the Early Republic Early 19th-century America was a rapidly expanding nation and its people constituted a highly mobile population, pushing further west into newly opened lands, blazing trails and clearing passages for others to follow.

Prehistory of Sri Lanka The pre-history of Sri Lanka goes back , years and possibly even as far back as , years. In these caves, archaeologists have found the remains of anatomically modern humans which they have named Balangoda Man , and other evidence [37] suggesting that they may have engaged in agriculture and kept domestic dogs for driving game. The 19th-century Irish historian James Emerson Tennent theorized that Galle , a city in southern Sri Lanka, was the ancient seaport of Tarshish from which King Solomon is said to have drawn ivory , peacocks , and other valuables. Pre-Anuradhapura period Main article: Ancient cemeteries that were used before BC and other signs of advanced civilization have also been discovered in Sri Lanka. Sri Lankan dynastic history ended in , when the island became part of the British Empire. Thereafter, Anuradhapura served as the capital city of the country for nearly 1, years. Bodhivamsa [53] Invasions Sri Lanka first experienced a foreign invasion during the reign of Suratissa , who was defeated by two horse traders named Sena and Guttika from South India. Dutugemunu , the eldest son of the southern regional sub-king, Kavan Tissa , defeated Elara in the Battle of Vijithapura. He built Ruwanwelisaya , the second stupa in ancient Sri Lanka, and the Lovamahapaya. These invaders were all subsequently driven back. Kala Wewa and the Avukana Buddha statue were built during the reign of Dhatusena. The council was held in response to a year in which the harvests in Sri Lanka were particularly poor and many Buddhist monks subsequently died of starvation. Later periods Frescoes on the Sigiriya rock fortress in Matale District , 5th century Sri Lanka was the first Asian country known to have a female ruler: Anula of Anuradhapura r. The Sigiriya rock fortress is surrounded by an extensive network of ramparts and moats. Inside this protective enclosure were gardens, ponds, pavilions, palaces and other structures. Bisu Kotuwa, a peculiar construction inside a dam , is a technological marvel based on precise mathematics that allows water to flow outside the dam, keeping pressure on the dam to a minimum. It maintained close ties with European civilisations including the Roman Empire. For example, Bhatikabhaya 22 BC – AD 7 sent an envoy to Rome who brought back red coral , which was used to make an elaborate netlike adornment for the Ruwanwelisaya. In addition, Sri Lankan male dancers witnessed the assassination of Caligula. Taking advantage of this situation, Rajendra I , son of Rajaraja I, launched a large invasion in Mahinda V was captured and taken to India, and the Cholas sacked the city of Anuradhapura. Subsequently, they moved the capital to Polonnaruwa. Following a seventeen-year-long campaign, Vijayabahu I successfully drove the Chola out of Sri Lanka in , reuniting the country for the first time in over a century. In , Kalinga Magha , a South Indian with uncertain origins, identified as the founder of the Jaffna kingdom, invaded and captured the Kingdom of Polonnaruwa. He sailed from Kalinga [76] nautical miles on large ships with a 24, strong army. Unlike previous invaders, he looted , ransacked, and destroyed everything in the ancient Anuradhapura and Polonnaruwa Kingdoms beyond recovery. His reign saw the massive migration of native Sinhalese people to the south and west of Sri Lanka, and into the mountainous interior, in a bid to escape his power. The north, in the meanwhile, eventually evolved into the Jaffna kingdom. Chinese admiral Zheng He and his naval expeditionary force landed at Galle, Sri Lanka in and got into battle with the local king Vira Alakesvara of Gampola. Zheng He captured King Vira Alakesvara and later released him. Thomlin at Galle in and is now preserved in the Colombo National Museum. Kandyan period See also: In , after decades of intermittent warfare with the Portuguese, Vimaladharmasuriya I moved his kingdom to the inland city of Kandy , a location he thought more secure from attack. In , the king signed a treaty with the Dutch East India Company to get rid of the Portuguese who ruled most of the coastal areas. The Dutch remained in the areas they had captured, thereby violating the treaty they had signed in An ethnic group named Burgher people emerged in Sri Lankan society as a result of Dutch rule. He was married to a Telugu -speaking Nayakkar princess from South India Madurai and was childless by her. Kings of the Nayakkar dynasty launched several attacks on Dutch controlled areas, which proved to be

unsuccessful. Following his death, a nephew of Rajadhi Rajasinha, eighteen-year-old Kannasamy, was crowned. By this time, experiments with coffee plantations were largely successful. Falling coffee prices as a result of the depression of stalled economic development and prompted the governor to introduce a series of taxes on firearms, dogs, shops, boats, etc. Tea production in Sri Lanka thrived in the following decades. Large-scale rubber plantations began in the early 20th century. British appointed Kandyan chiefs, By the end of the 19th century, a new educated social class transcending race and caste arose through British attempts to staff the Ceylon Civil Service and the legal, educational, and medical professions. Buddhist and Hindu revivalism reacted against Christian missionary activities. This step was strongly criticised by the Tamil political leadership, who realised that they would be reduced to a minority in the newly created State Council of Ceylon , which succeeded the legislative council. However, this demand was not met by the Soulbury reforms of 1946” Modern Sri Lanka Main articles: Sri Lankan independence movement , History of Sri Lanka 1948”present , and Sri Lankan Civil War The formal ceremony marking the start of self-rule, with the opening of the first parliament at Independence Square The Soulbury constitution ushered in Dominion status , with independence proclaimed on 4 February Senanayake became the first Prime Minister of Ceylon. A countrywide popular demonstration against withdrawal of the rice ration, known as Hartal , resulted in the resignation of prime minister Dudley Senanayake. Bandaranaike was elected prime minister in 1956 His three-year rule had a profound impact through his self-proclaimed role of "defender of the besieged Sinhalese culture". Although partially reversed in 1958 , the bill posed a grave concern for the Tamil community, which perceived in it a threat to their language and culture. Chelvanayakam , leader of the FP, to resolve the looming ethnic conflict. The bill, together with various government colonisation schemes , contributed much towards the political rancour between Sinhalese and Tamil political leaders. During her second term as prime minister, the government instituted socialist economic policies, strengthening ties with the Soviet Union and China , while promoting a policy of non-alignment. In 1962 , Ceylon experienced a Marxist insurrection , which was quickly suppressed. In 1972 , the country became a republic named Sri Lanka, repudiating its dominion status. Prolonged minority grievances and the use of communal emotionalism as an election campaign weapon by both Sinhalese and Tamil leaders abetted a fledgling Tamil militancy in the north during the 1970s. The Black July , 1983” Tamil civilians were killed across the island in the anti-Tamil Pogrom allegedly backed by hard-line Sinhalese ministers within the government.