

DOWNLOAD PDF CHANGING PATTERNS OF NONPRIOR SERVICE ATTRITION IN THE ARMY NATIONAL GUARD AND ARMY RESERVE

Chapter 1 : Active Messages | Strength Maintenance Training Center

Changing Patterns of Nonprior Service Attrition in the Army National Guard and Army Reserve David W. Grissmer, Sheila Nataraj Kirby DTIC i (V"J! S LEC'Eâ€¢.

General This section provides the administrative policy for the pre-service alcohol and drug-testing program see 10 USC Policy Each applicant for enlistment will be tested for the presence of alcohol and drugs at the time of physical examination. Any applicant who refuses to submit to this test will not be allowed to continue processing or to enlist no exceptions. The applicant is then placed in a day disqualification period beginning from the day of the medical examination. Applicants will be tested for the presence of alcohol and drugs as part of their physical examination. The initial analysis of each specimen requires at a minimum 72 hours for a result to be available. No further action is required for those applicants whose specimen is reported negative. Applicants whose specimen is positive during the initial analysis will have their specimens verified positive or negative. This process takes approximately 21 days. It is important to note that not all specimens found positive by the initial drug analysis are always confirmed positive. Various lawful substances and foods sometimes provide a positive indication, and therefore no conclusion should be reached until laboratory results have been received. Applicants may be enlisted into the ARNG pending the result of drug tests; however, they will be informed prior to enlistment that if their test is confirmed positive they will be discharged. Applicants who have a confirmed positive lab result will be discharged separated from the ARNG. Disposition of records Residual files on ARNG members will be maintained in accordance with ARNG regulations; however, cases involving separation for drug use will be maintained for not fewer than 3 years. Military occupational specialty considerations Any applicant who had a confirmed positive lab result and is subsequently qualified after the waiting period will not be authorized to enlist for any MOS, unit, or assignment that restricts enlistment because of documented misuse of drugs or alcohol. Notification of applicants found positive a. Applicants who test positive for drugs must be notified of their test results. Applicants and enlistees may also be sent a list of civilian drug and alcohol abuse treatment centers in their local area. As a result, the laboratory may on occasion reject damaged, spilled, or otherwise unacceptable urine samples. When this occurs, the guidance counselor will be notified by the MEPS. It is the responsibility of the Army liaison office to ensure prompt receipt of invalid or unacceptable urine specimens. Resubmission of such sample may be accomplished at other MEPS, if necessary. In considering requests for re-entry, the fact that the basis of the separation was homosexual conduct will not be considered to the detriment of the applicant. Any applicant who was previously separated from any Component of the U. Armed Forces as a surviving son or daughter requires a waiver for enlistment. A surviving son or daughter refers to the only remaining son or daughter in a Family where the father, or mother or one or more of the sons or daughters served in the Armed Forces of the United States and because of the hazards with such military service- 1 Was killed or died as a result of wounds, accident, or disease. The following documents are required for submission of a waiver under this paragraph: This statement also will acknowledge that- a Applicant is available for worldwide assignment, including combat-zone assignment.

Chapter 2 : New Jersey Army National Guard - ARNG Loss Reason Codes

This report analyzes the attrition of Army Reserve and Army National Guard enlistees who have had no prior military service. It develops models of attrition that assign a probability of attrition to each recruit type. The models are based on analyses of historical attrition for the fiscal year

Chapter 3 : Intelligence | Careers | National Guard

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Chapter 4 : New Jersey Army National Guard - Military Separations

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Chapter 5 : New Jersey Army National Guard - Processing Applicants

Title: Changing Patterns of Nonprior Service Attrition in the Army National Guard and Army Reserve Author: David W. Grissmer Subject: This report analyzes the attrition of Army Reserve and Army National Guard enlistees who have had no prior military service.

Chapter 6 : What are your thoughts on the new OCP uniform? | RallyPoint

This report analyzes the attrition of Army Reserve and Army National Guard enlistees who have had no prior military service. It develops models of attrition that assign a probability of attrition.

Chapter 7 : DoD Standardizes Waiver Process > National Guard > Article View

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