

### Chapter 1 : Solved: Scanning to Network Folder - PDF won't open. Please help! - HP Support Community

*Hi, i just wanted to share my solution and issue that i had, maybe it will help: issue: some users were not able to open infopath forms using IE on their computers, but on other computers they were able to (computers with windows 7 64bit ie 11; some were updated to day some were not).*

Change external content settings for Excel in the Trust Center What is external content, and why are Web beacons a potential threat? External content is any content that is linked from the Internet or an intranet to a workbook or presentation. Some examples of external content are images, linked media, data connections, and templates. Hackers can use external content as Web beacons. Web beacons send back, or beacon, information from your computer to the server that hosts the external content. Types of Web beacons include the following: When you open the file, the image is downloaded and information about the file is beamed back to the external server. This helps to protect against Web beacons that could otherwise capture your email address. For more information, see Block or unblock automatic picture downloads in email messages. The presentation contains a media object, such as a sound, that is linked to an external server. When you open the presentation in Microsoft PowerPoint, the media object is played and in turn executes code that runs a malicious script that harms your computer. The workbook contains code that pulls data from or pushes data to a database. The hacker does not have permissions to the database, but you do. As a result, when you open the workbook in Microsoft Excel, the code executes and accesses the database by using your credentials. Data can then be accessed or changed without your knowledge or consent. Top of Page How does the Trust Center help protect me from external content? If there is external content present in your workbook or presentation, when you open the file the Message Bar notifies you that the external content has been blocked. If you click Options on the Message Bar, a security dialog box opens, giving you the option to unblock the external content. To learn how to make a secure decision before clicking an option, see the next section. Top of Page What should I do when a security warning asks if I want to enable or disable external content? When a security dialog box appears, you have the option to enable the external content or to leave it blocked. You should only enable the external content if you are sure that it is from a trustworthy source. If you are sure that the external content in a workbook or presentation is trustworthy, and if you do not want to be notified about this specific external content again, instead of changing the default Trust Center settings to a less safe security level, it is better to move the file to a trusted location. Files in trusted locations are allowed to run without being checked by the Trust Center security system. If you work in an organization, your system administrator might already have changed the default settings, and this might prevent you from changing any settings yourself. Click the option that you want under Security settings for Data Connections: Use this option only when you trust the data sources of the external data connections. You may want to select this option temporarily, and then return to the default setting when you no longer need it. Click this option if you want to receive a security warning whenever a workbook that contains external data connections is opened, and whenever an external data connection is created in the current workbook. Security warnings give you the option of enabling or disabling data connections for each workbook that you open on a case-by-case basis. When you choose this option, no data connection in any workbook that you open is ever connected. If you create new external data connections after opening a workbook, those data connections are not enabled when you open the workbook again. This is a very restrictive setting, and may cause some functionality not to work as expected. Click the option that you want under Security settings for Workbook Links: Use this option only when you trust the workbooks that the data is linked to. Click this option if you want to receive a security warning whenever you run automatic updates in the current workbook for links to data in another workbook. In Excel, click the File tab. Click the option that you want under Security settings for Dynamic Data Exchange: If this option is checked, DDE servers that are already running will be visible and usable. By default, this option is checked. For security reasons, it is recommended that you leave this box unchecked. By default, this option is unchecked.

### Chapter 2 : open in browser - Visual Studio Marketplace

*By default, PDF files opened from a web page display inside the browser window with a limited toolbar: The default behavior does not suit the needs of all legal users.*

MsgBox "File opened by: By default, Visual Basic adds one form to the project when you create a Windows Forms project. The form is named Form1. The two files that represent the form are named Form1. You write the code in Form1. Press F5 to run the project. Select any file and click Open. The document opens inside the WebBrowser control, and a message box that displays the name of the Office document server appears. Considerations when you use the WebBrowser control You should consider the following when you use the WebBrowser control: The WebBrowser control browses to documents asynchronously. When you call WebBrowser1.Navigate, the call returns control to your Visual Basic application before the document has been completely loaded. If you plan to Automate the contained document, you need to use the NavigateComplete2 event to be notified when the document has finished loading. Use the Document property of the WebBrowser object that is passed in to get a reference to the Office document object, which, in the preceding code, is set to oDocument. The WebBrowser control does not support menu merging. The WebBrowser control generally hides any docked toolbars before displaying an Office document. You can use Automation to show a floating toolbar using code such as the following. It is recommended that you only use one control per project, and browse to one document at a time. The most common problem is with Office command bars, which appear disabled. If you have two WebBrowser controls on the same form, both of which are loaded with Word documents, and you have displayed toolbars by using one of the preceding techniques, only one set of toolbars is active and works correctly. The other is disabled and cannot be used. To clear the WebBrowser of its current contents, in the Click event of another command button or in some other appropriate place in your code , browse to the default blank page by using the following code: This behavior also affects the WebBrowser control. We recommended that you use a custom ActiveX document container instead of the WebBrowser control when you develop applications that open Office documents. For more information about custom ActiveX document containers, click the following article number to view the article in the Microsoft Knowledge Base: You can use this method to configure Internet Explorer to open Office documents in the Web browser. For more information, click the following article number to view the article in the Microsoft Knowledge Base: The changes also affect all instances of Internet Explorer. Additionally, this method may not work for any future versions of the Microsoft Office suites. Therefore, we recommend that you use this method only for compatibility with a existing application. References For more information about how to use the WebBrowser control, click the following article numbers to view the articles in the Microsoft Knowledge Base:

### Chapter 3 : How remove recent documents of ms excel from One drive online - Microsoft Community

*Hi hemnstar,. Are you able to open in any other Internet Browser? I would suggest you to follow the given method and check if it helps. Method 1: Please try the do the steps in the below link;*

Jive scales thumbnail images badly and makes them appear blurry on any web page. Mail Mail displays either an attachment icon or the preview image of an attached document in the body of an email depending on its file size and the number of pages in the attached document. Mail is known to have problems with many different types of attachments not just PDF attachments. Please take a look at Problem 1 in How to avoid known PDF email attachment problems and make sure that an entire email message is fully downloaded before you open each attachment in Mail. Some pages may appear mostly blank or empty. Annotations and form fields are not lost. Tap the PDF document again to display the toolbar if not shown already. Tap the Share icon in the top toolbar. Select "Open in Adobe Reader" from the menu that appears. Tap the PDF document to display another bar below the top toolbar. Tap "Open in Adobe Reader" if shown or "Open in Tap the PDF document to display the toolbar if not shown already. Tap the Share icon on the left side of the top toolbar. Select Email from the menu that appears. Dropbox Dropbox has its own built-in PDF viewer. Tap the Share icon on the right side of the top toolbar. First, you need to create a free account at Acrobat. Once you upload your PDF documents to Acrobat. Launch Adobe Reader for iOS. Go to the Reader home screen. Tap "My Account" in the lower left corner. Tap the Sign In button in blue. If you have not created an Adobe ID yet, you can optionally create one. Enter your Adobe ID and password. Tap the Sign In button. Confirm that you are signed in. Tap a PDF document to download from Acrobat. If the app that you are using is not listed above, try following the basic principle described at the beginning of this document and look for the Share icon or "Open in

### Chapter 4 : Manage web access with a policy-protected browser | Microsoft Docs

*Open in the browser* When a user chooses a document in this library, the document will open in the web browser in the web app for that document type. When the document is opened in the web app, the user can then decide to open the document in the client application.

If the problem is resolved, you are finished with this article. If the problem is not resolved, go to the next method. Use the Internet Explorer No Add-ons mode Although browser add-ins can improve your online experience, they can occasionally interfere or conflict with other software on your computer. However, be aware that some webpages, or Internet Explorer itself, might not be displayed correctly if an add-in is disabled. First, start Internet Explorer with add-ins temporarily disabled to see whether the problem is resolved. Add-ins will be disabled only until you restart Internet Explorer in the usual manner. To do this, follow these steps: If Internet Explorer No Add-ons mode resolves the problem, follow these steps to identify the browser add-in that is causing the problem: Click the Tools button, and then click Manage add-ons. Repeat step 3 until you identify the add-in that is causing the problem. Check whether the problem is resolved. If the problem is not resolved, try the next method. Reset Internet Explorer settings If the problem is caused by damaged or incompatible Internet Explorer settings or add-ins, you can usually resolve the problem by resetting Internet Explorer settings to the default settings. When you reset the Internet Explorer settings, all previous settings are lost and cannot be recovered. When you restore the Internet Explorer default settings, some webpages that rely on stored cookies, form data, passwords, or previously installed browser add-ins might not work correctly. However, resetting Internet Explorer to the default settings does not delete your favorites, feeds, and several other personal settings. To reset Internet Explorer Settings, follow these steps: Close all Internet Explorer windows. Click Start, type inetctl. The Internet Options dialog box appears. Click the Advanced tab. Then, click Reset again. Start Internet Explorer again. Your changes will take effect the next time that you open Internet Explorer. Click Start, click All Programs, click Accessories, right-click cmd, and then select Run as administrator. If you are prompted for an administrator password or confirmation, type the password or provide confirmation. Click OK when you receive the confirmation. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for the following commands: If the problem is not fixed, go to the next section. Advanced troubleshooting This section is intended for more advanced computer users. Create a new user account For more information about user profiles, see What are user profiles. For method details, go to the following Microsoft websites:

### Chapter 5 : PDFs don't open automatically in Chrome - Google Chrome Help

*By default, most downloaded PDF files open within the Internet browser currently in use, usually in a new window or tab. This document contains steps on how to change the associations within your browser's settings to allow downloaded PDF files to open in the program of your choice or within the browser.*

In this article Applies to: Explains how to configure the default open behavior for Office documents in SharePoint site collections and document libraries. The following steps show how to configure the default open behavior for Office documents where you have SharePoint configured to use Office Web Apps Server. There are two ways to change the default behavior so that files open in the client applications or the default PDF reader instead: These cmdlets can also be used to adjust the behavior of PDF documents. Users can change this setting in the document library properties, and site collection administrators can change it in Site Collection Administration or by using the Enable-SPFeature cmdlet to enable the OpenInClient feature. See the next section for several different methods to enable the OpenInClient feature. For information about how to configure check out, download, and view permissions in SharePoint , see Permissions planning for sites and content in SharePoint If you choose to use the Windows PowerShell console, you must add the Microsoft. Note You can complete tasks in Office suites by using a mouse, keyboard shortcuts, or touch. For information about how to use keyboard shortcuts and touch with Office products and services, see Keyboard Shortcuts and Office Touch Guide. On the Features page, for the Open Documents in Client Applications by Default feature, choose Activate to enable the OpenInClient feature documents will open in the client application , or Deactivate to disable the OpenInClient feature documents will open in the browser. Set the default open behavior for site collections by using Windows PowerShell First, make sure you have the following memberships: Administrators group on the server on which you are running Windows PowerShell cmdlets. Open an elevated SharePoint Management Shell: Select Microsoft SharePoint Products. Choose SharePoint Management Shell and display the shortcut menu right-click. From the shortcut menu, choose Run as administrator. In Windows Server Swipe in from the edge of the screen to show the charms and choose Search to see all the applications that are installed on the computer. Choose right-click SharePoint Management Shell to display the app bar. In the app bar, select Run as administrator. At the Windows PowerShell command prompt, type one of the following commands: To enable the OpenInClient feature for a specific site collection to open documents in the client application , type this command: To enable the OpenInClient feature for all site collections to open documents in the client application , type this command: To disable the OpenInClient feature for all site collections to open documents in the browser , type this command: In the Settings group, choose Library Settings. On the Document Library Settings page, choose Advanced settings. On the Advanced Settings page, in Opening Document in the Browser, select one of the following options: When the document is opened in the web app, the user can then decide to open the document in the client application. Set the default open behavior for IRM-protected document libraries by using Windows PowerShell First, make sure you have the following memberships: At the Windows PowerShell command prompt, type this command: Use PreferClient to open documents in their associated client applications if available. Use Browser to open documents in the browser.

### Chapter 6 : Open behavior for browser-enabled documents in Office Web Apps | Microsoft Docs

*Each browser has its own settings to control how PDFs open from a web page. Acrobat and Acrobat Reader do not include a preference setting to open web-based PDFs. To change the display behavior, follow the instructions below for your browser, or see the browser documentation on how to control plug-ins or add-ons.*

You can apply these settings to: Users are taken directly to the MyApps site, where they can see all of their provisioned SaaS applications. While Managed Browser or Microsoft Edge are not managed by Intune, they cannot access data from other Intune-managed applications. This means that you can restrict mobile browser access to Azure AD-connected web apps where users can only use the Managed Browser, blocking access from any other unprotected browsers such as Safari or Chrome. Next, select Grant from the Access controls section of the blade. Click Require approved client app. Click Select on the Grant blade. This policy must be assigned to the cloud apps that you want to be accessible to only the Intune Managed Browser app. The Client apps blade is displayed. Click Yes under Configure to apply the policy to specific client apps. Verify that Browser is selected as a client app. Note If you want to restrict which native apps non-browser apps can access these cloud applications, you can also select Mobile apps and desktop clients. In the Assignments section, select Users and groups and then choose the users or groups you would like to assign this policy. For more information about creating Intune App Protection policies, see [What are app protection policies?](#) In the Assignments section, select Cloud apps to choose which apps to protect with this policy. Once the above policy is configured, users will be forced to use the Intune Managed Browser to access the Azure AD-connected web apps you have protected with this policy. If users attempt to use an unmanaged browser in this scenario, they will see a notice that the Intune Managed Browser must be used instead. The Managed Browser does not support classic Conditional Access policies. For more information, see [Migrate classic policies in the Azure portal](#). When the Microsoft Authenticator app is present on iOS or the Intune Company Portal app on Android, users of a policy-protected browser will be able to access Azure AD-connected web apps without having to re-enter their credentials. Users with the Authenticator app or Intune Company Portal will be prompted to register their device when they navigate to an Azure AD-connected web app in a policy-protected browser, if their device has not already been registered by another application. Note Device registration is a simple check-in with the Azure AD service. It does not require full device enrollment and does not give IT any additional privileges on the device. On the Client apps blade of the Manage list, choose App configuration policies. On the App configuration policies blade, choose Add. On the Add configuration policy blade, enter a Name and optional Description for the app configuration settings. For Device enrollment type, choose Managed apps. Choose OK to return to the Add configuration policy blade. On the Configuration blade, you define key and value pairs to supply configurations for the Managed Browser. Use the sections later in this article to learn about the different key and value pairs you can define. When you are done, choose OK. On the Add configuration policy blade, choose Add. The new configuration is created, and displayed on the App configuration blade. Assign the configuration settings you created You assign the settings to Azure AD groups of users. If that user has the targeted protected browser app installed, then the app is managed by the settings you specified. On the Client apps blade of the Intune mobile application management dashboard, choose App configuration policies. From the list of app configurations, select the one you want to assign. On the next blade, choose Assignments. On the Assignments blade, select the Azure AD group to which you want to assign the app configuration, and then choose OK. A user downloads and signs in to the Microsoft Outlook app. Intune app protection policies are automatically applied. They encrypt saved data and block the user from transferring corporate files to unmanaged apps or locations on the device. When the user then clicks a link to an intranet site in Outlook, you can specify that the link opens in a protected browser application, rather than another browser. The protected browser recognizes that this intranet site has been exposed to the user through the Application Proxy. The user is automatically routed through the Application Proxy, to authenticate with any applicable multi-factor authentication, and conditional access before reaching the intranet site. This site, which could previously not be found while the user was remote, is now accessible and the link in Outlook

## DOWNLOAD PDF CANNOT OPEN UMENTS IN BROWSER

works as expected. A remote user opens the protected browser application and navigates to an intranet site using the internal URL. The protected browser recognizes that this intranet site has been exposed to the user via the Application Proxy. This site, which could previously not be found while the user was remote, is now accessible. To configure Application Proxy and publish applications, see the setup documentation. You must be using minimum version 1. Users of the Managed Browser or Microsoft Edge app have an Intune app protection policy assigned to the app. Enable automatic redirection to a protected browser from Outlook. Outlook must be configured with an app protection policy that enables the setting Restrict web content to display in the Managed Browser. Assign an app configuration policy assigned for the protected browser. This procedure configures the Managed Browser or Microsoft Edge app to use app proxy redirection. Using the procedure to create a Microsoft Edge or Managed Browser app configuration, supply the following key and value pair: Intune and Azure Active Directory team up to improve user access. Note Microsoft Edge uses the same key and value pairs as the Managed Browser. How to configure the homepage for a protected browser This setting allows you to configure the homepage that users see when they start a protected browser or create a new tab.

### Chapter 7 : Unable to open InfoPath form on the browser

*To open Windows Explorer, right-click Start, and then click My Computer. On the Tools menu, click Folder Options, and then click the File Types tab. Locate and select the HTM file type.*

### Chapter 8 : How to open PDF documents in Adobe Reader (iPad | Adobe Community

*With electronically filing FBAR's via the BSA filing site we need to be able to open the form in the webbrowser. For Pro X it was working, not with Pro XI, but recent updates to Pro X have made it impossible to open the form in their webbrowser in order to electronically file.*

### Chapter 9 : cannot open form in webbrowser | Adobe Community

*Considerations when you use the WebBrowser control together with a Microsoft Office program By default, the Office programs do not open Office documents in the Web browser.*